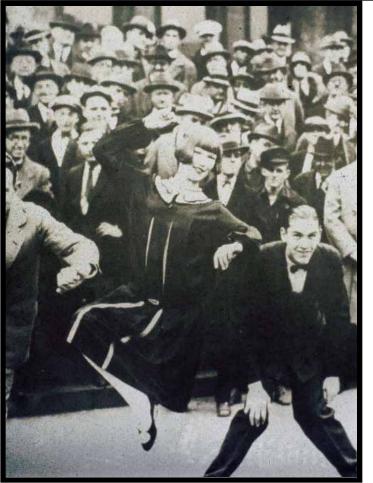


Adobe

A popular 1840s building material made out of dirt, water, and straw, shaped into a brick and dried in the sun.

Fiesta

A large party or festival. In the 1840s, a fiesta was usually held afer a rodeo, or roundup, of cattle for branding or sale.



Real Estate

The buying and selling of land and buildings. This was a popular business in the 1920s.

Charleston

A popular dance in the 1920s.

Silent Film

A popular entertainment and business during the 1920s. It was a movie with no sound except music.

Baseball

A sport that became popular during the 1870s.

Car

A popular form of transportation in the 1920s.

Theater

A building that actors and performers use to put on a show. This was a popular entertainment especially in the 1870s.

Red Brick

A building material, red in color, made out of a hard baked clay and molded into a rectangular shape. Buildings in Los Angeles were built out of brick beginning in the 1870s.

Concrete

A building material used to construct buildings or make sidewalks. Buildings in Los Angeles were built out of concrete beginning in the 1920s.

Airplane

A new form of transportation in the 1920s.

Farming

The science and business of growing crops and raising livestock.

Cattle Ranching

The business of raising cows on large areas of land or ranchos. It is how many people made a living in California during the 1840s.

Train

A popular form of transportation in the 1870s for people and goods.

Tourism

A trip to a place for business, pleasure, or interest. This became a popular leisure activity in the 1920s.

Overland

A route taken across land. In the 1840s, many people traveled to California using these routes.

Ship

A popular form of transportation in the 1840s for people and goods.

Oil Drilling

A fossil fuel that is used in cars, airplanes, and trains. It became a popular business in the 1920s.

1840s Decade Cards

Category Cards

Transportation: The movement of people or goods from one place to another.

Leisure: Things people find entertaining or do for fun.

Buildings: A structure that people may live or work in.

Work: Different types of businesses that people do for a living.

Answer Key

1840s

Transportation: The movement of people or goods from one place to another.



Ship
A popular form of transportation in the 1840s for people and goods.



Overland
A route taken across land.
In the 1840s, many people traveled to California using these routes.

Leisure: Things people find entertaining or do for fun.



Fiesta

A large party or festival. In the 1840s, a fiesta was usually held afer a rodeo, or roundup, of cattle for branding or sale.

Buildings: A structure that people may live or work in.



Adobe

A popular 1840s building material made out of dirt, water, and straw, shaped into a brick and dried in the sun.

Work: Different types of businesses that people do for a living.



Cattle Ranching

The business of raising cows on large areas of land. It is how many people made a living in the 1840s.

Answer Key 1870s

Transportation: The movement of people or goods from one place to another.



TrainA popular form of transportation in the 1870s for people and goods.

Leisure: Things people find entertaining or do for fun.



Theater
A building that actors and performers use to put on a show. This was a popular entertainment especially in the 1870s.



BaseballA sport that became popular during the 1870s.

Buildings: A structure that people may live or work in.



Red Brick

A building material, red in color, made out of a hard baked clay and molded into a rectangular shape. Buildings in Los Angeles were built out of brick beginning in the 1870s.

Work: Different types of businesses that people do for a living.



Agriculture
The science and business
of growing crops and
raising livestock.

Answer Key 1920s

Transportation: The movement of people or goods from one place to another.



Car
A popular form of transportation in the 1920s.



Airplane
A new form of transportation in the 1920s.

Leisure: Things people find entertaining or do for fun.



Charleston
A popular dance in the 1920s.



Tourism

A trip to a place for business, pleasure, or interest. This became a popular leisure activity in the 1920s.

Buildings: A structure that people may live or work in.



Concrete

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The buying and selling of land and buildings. This was a popular business in the 1920s.



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A popular form of entertainment and business during the 1920s. It was a movie with no sound except music.

1840s

Transportation: The movement of people or goods from one place to another.



Ship: A popular form of transportation in the 1840s for people and goods.



Overland: A route taken across land. In the 1840s, many people traveled to California using these routes.

Leisure: Things people find entertaining or do for fun.



Fiesta: A large party or festival. In the 1840s, a fiesta was usually held afer a rodeo, or roundup of a ranchos cattle for branding or sale.

Buildings: A structure that people may live or work in.



Adobe: A popular 1840s and 1920s building material made out of dirt, water, and straw, shaped into a brick and dried in the sun.

Work: Different types of businesses that people do for a living.



Cattle Ranching: The business of raising cows on large areas of land. It is how many people made their living in the 1840s.

Links to standards

History/Social Studies: 4.3.2 4.4.4, 4.4.6

Language Arts: RF.4.3, W.4.2a-e, W.4.4, L.4.4a-c

Decade Match-up Lesson Plan

Objective:

1. To match pictures with the apporiate word/information cards and sort the images into the three corresponding decades to create a visual time line of the changes in transportation, leisure, buildings, and work between 1840 and 1920

Time: 20-30 minutes

Materials:

- 1. Decade Match-up images
- 2. Decade Match-up word/information cards
- 3. Large tabletop
- 4. "The 1840s," "The 1870s," and "The 1920s" history summaries

Directions:

- 1. **Distribute** the "Decade Match-up" images and word/information cards to students.
- 2. Have students **lay out the decade cards** labeled 1840s, 1870s, and 1920s into three rows on the tabletop.
- 3. Have students match up word/information cards with the apporiate image and place them under the decade that best fits the picture (students can look through their decade history summaries to find words used in reference to various decades.)
- 4. After students have finished, **share the correct time line** (see Answer Keys) and discuss the changes that have occured over time. Ask students what they think are some of the biggest changes and what they think caused these changes to occur. Ask what items we still use or have today.

Additional activities:

- 1. **Categorize:** Have students place the images along with their word cards into one of the four category cards (transportation, leisure, buildings, and work).
- 2. **Write a paragraph:** Have students write a paragraph or two about a decade of their choosing based on the information that they find in the time line. You may want to begin the writing prompt with "If I came to California in the ______, I may have arrived here by
